

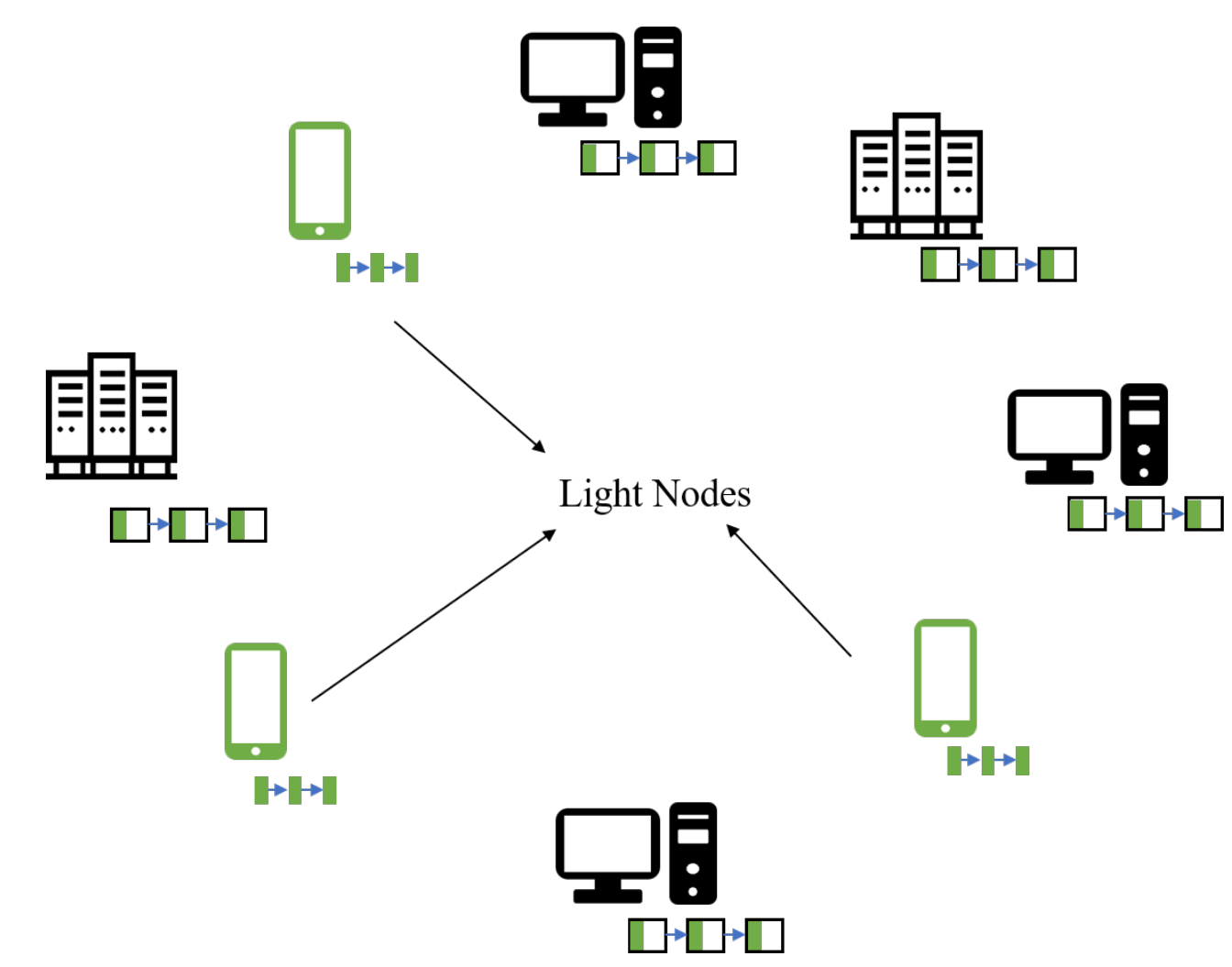
# Concentrated Stopping Set Design for Coded Merkle Tree: Improving Security Against Data Availability Attacks in Blockchain Systems

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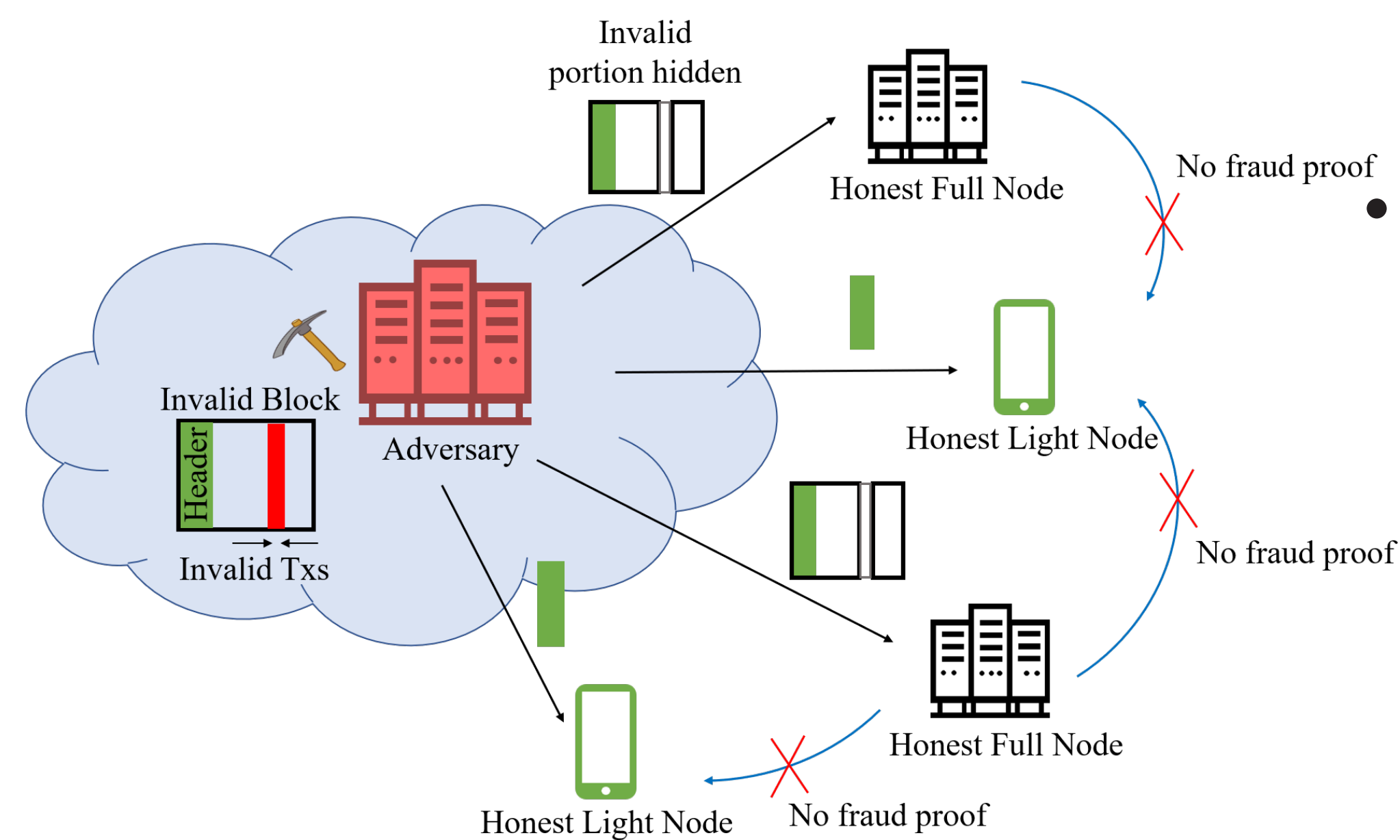
## BLOCKCHAIN SYSTEMS



- Blockchain ledger maintained by a network of nodes
- Full nodes: maintain a local copy of the entire ledger → prohibitive storage costs  
Bitcoin ledger size  $\sim 350\text{GB}$ , Ethereum ledger size  $\sim 600\text{GB}^a$
- Light nodes: Only store block headers (total size  $\sim 1\text{GB}$  for Ethereum)  
→ Rely on honest Full nodes for fraud notification via verifiable fraud proofs

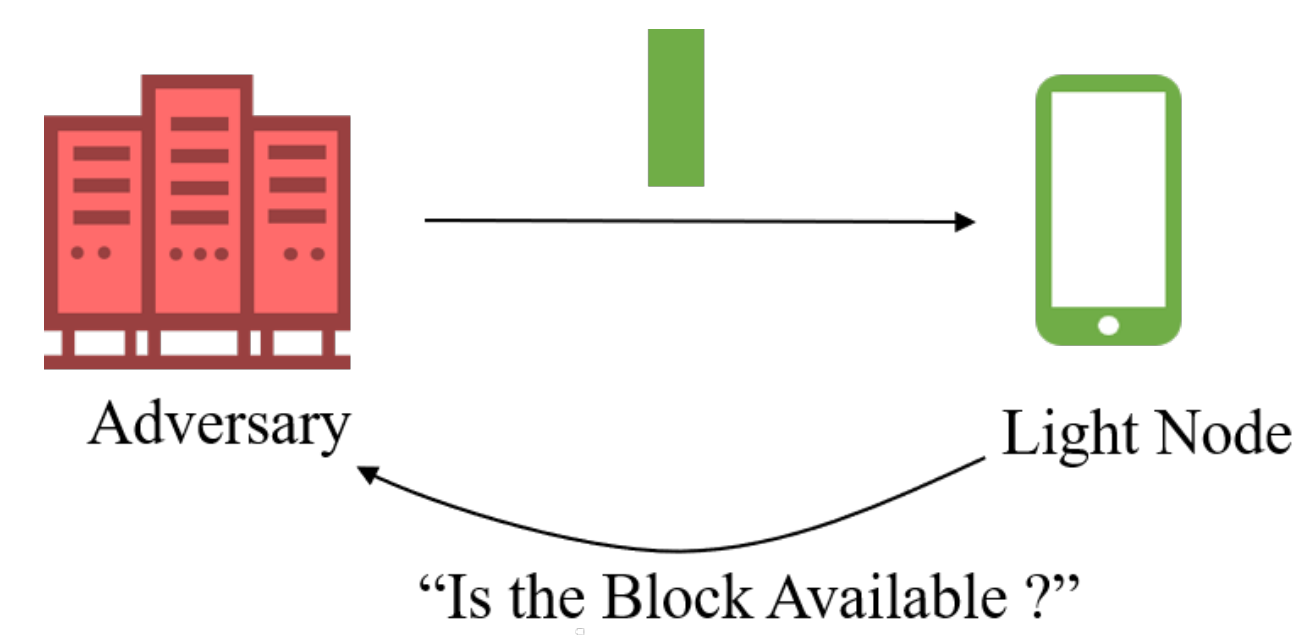
<sup>a</sup>As of 3/12/2021, <https://bitinfocharts.com/>

## DATA AVAILABILITY (DA) ATTACKS IN BLOCKCHAINS



- Systems with light nodes and a dishonest majority of full nodes are vulnerable to DA attacks [Al-Bassam '18], [Yu '19]
- Adversary: Provides block to Full node but hides invalid portion  
Provides header to Light node
- Honest Nodes: Cannot verify missing transactions → No fraud proof
- Light Nodes: No fraud proof → accept the header.

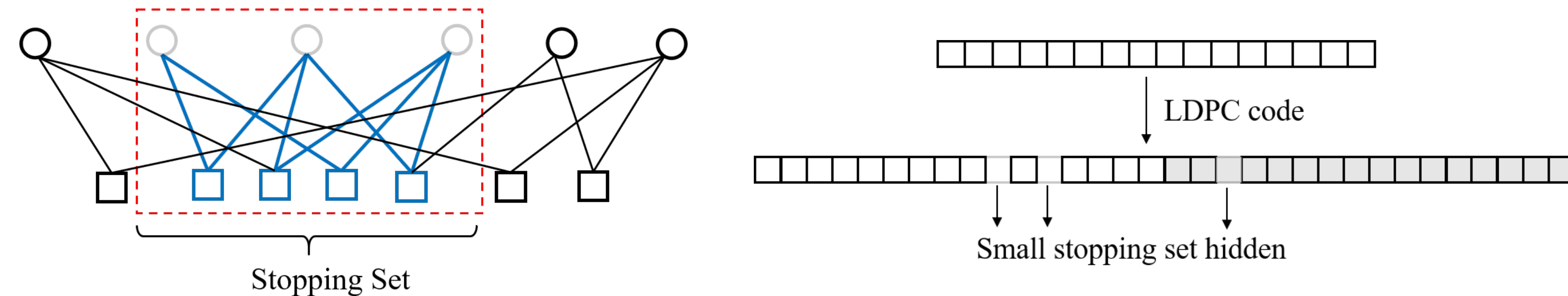
## ENSURING DATA AVAILABILITY: LIGHT NODE SAMPLING



- Anonymously request/sample few random chunks of the block
- Adversary can hide a small portion
- To improve storage efficiency, LDPC codes are used [Yu '19]
  - Characterized by a sparse parity check matrix
  - Tanner Graph representation

Probability of failure affected by small stopping sets

- If hidden, prevents a peeling decoder from decoding the block → No fraud proof from full nodes



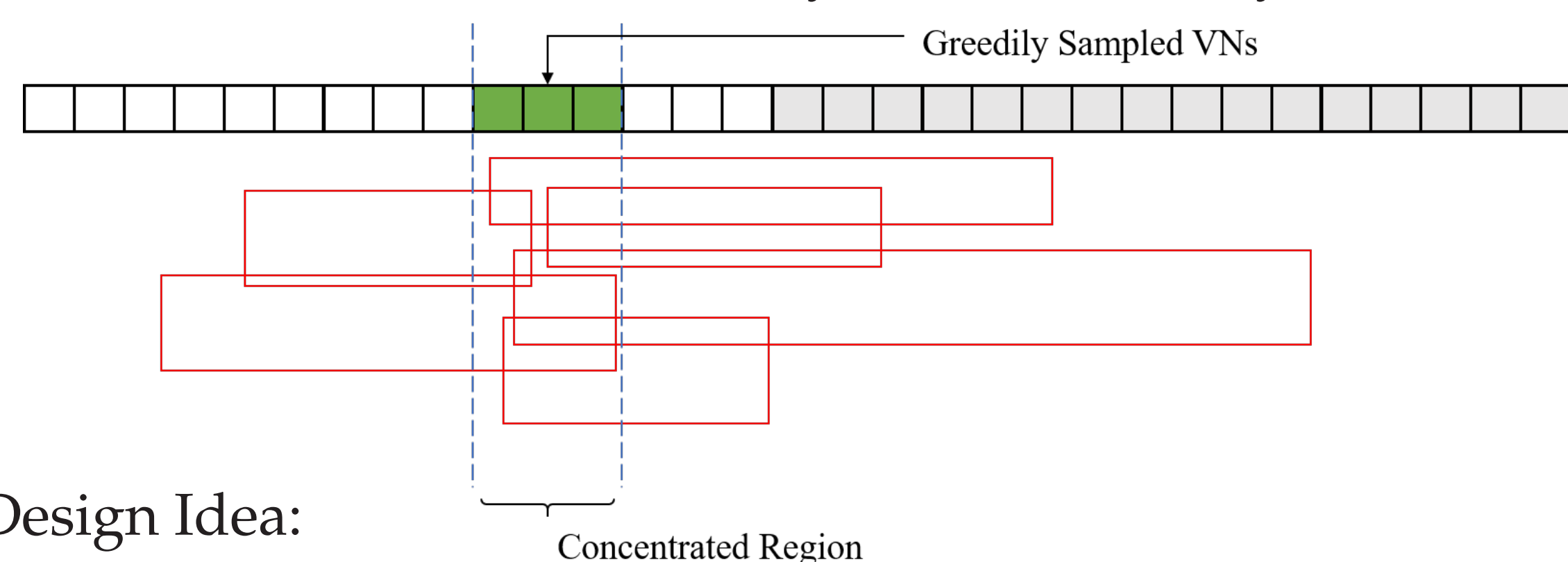
Probability of failure (2 samples):

$$\left(1 - \frac{3}{32}\right) \left(1 - \frac{3}{31}\right) = 0.81$$

Our work: Design specialized LDPC codes with a coupled sampling strategy to achieve a significantly lower probability of failure

## CONCENTRATED STOPPING SET DESIGN

In this work, we consider an adversary which randomly hides a stopping set of a particular size.

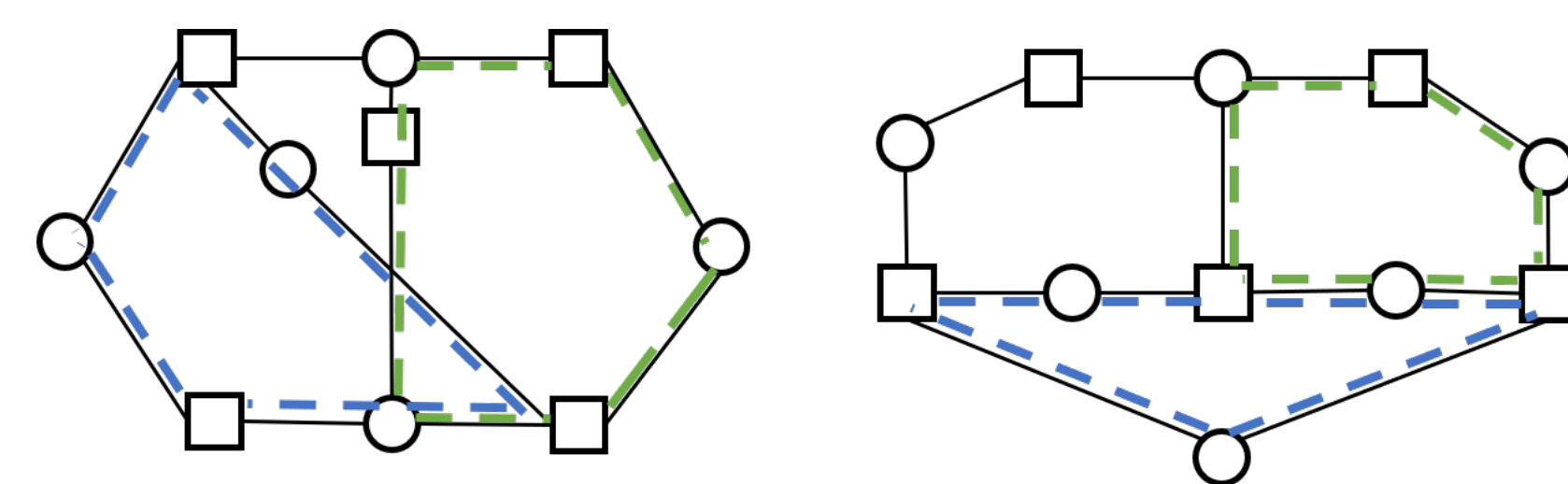


Code Design Idea:

- Concentrate stopping sets to a small section of Variable Nodes (VNs)
- Greedily sample this small section of VNs

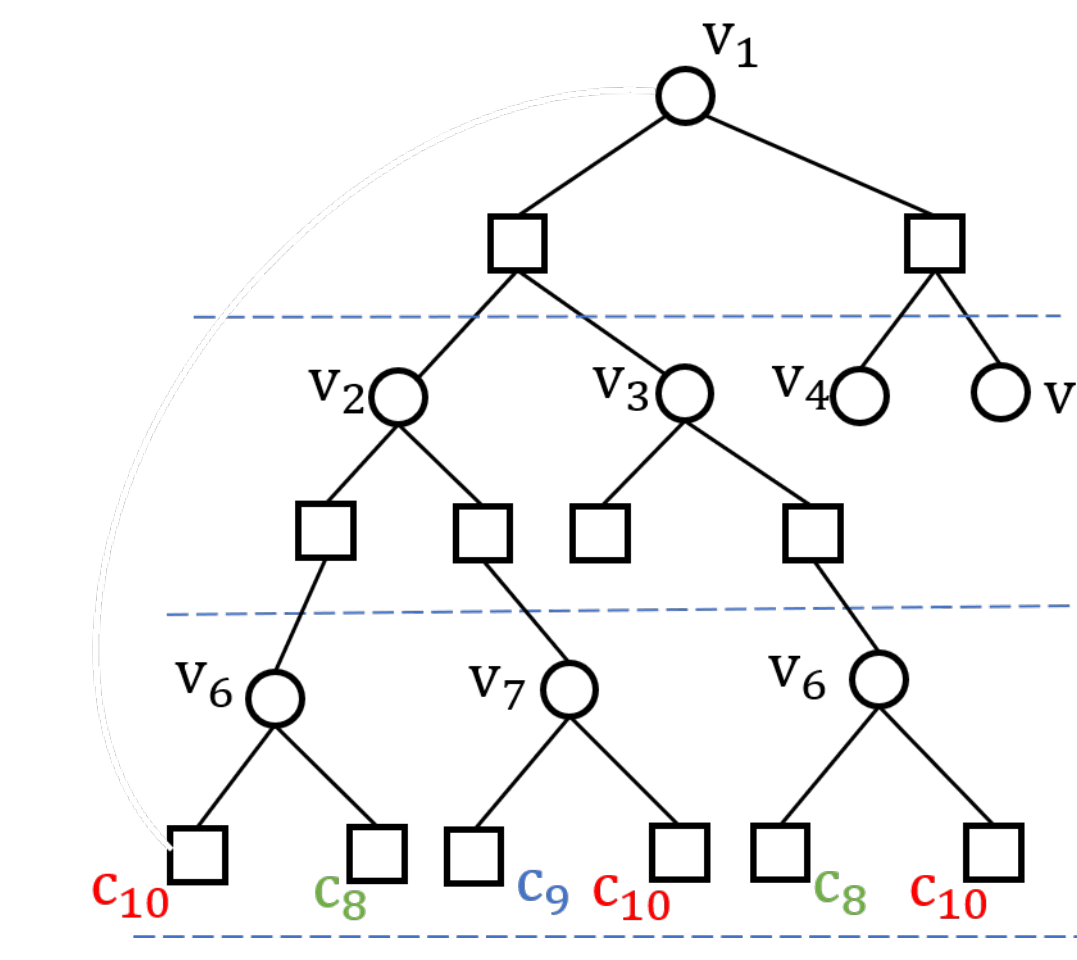
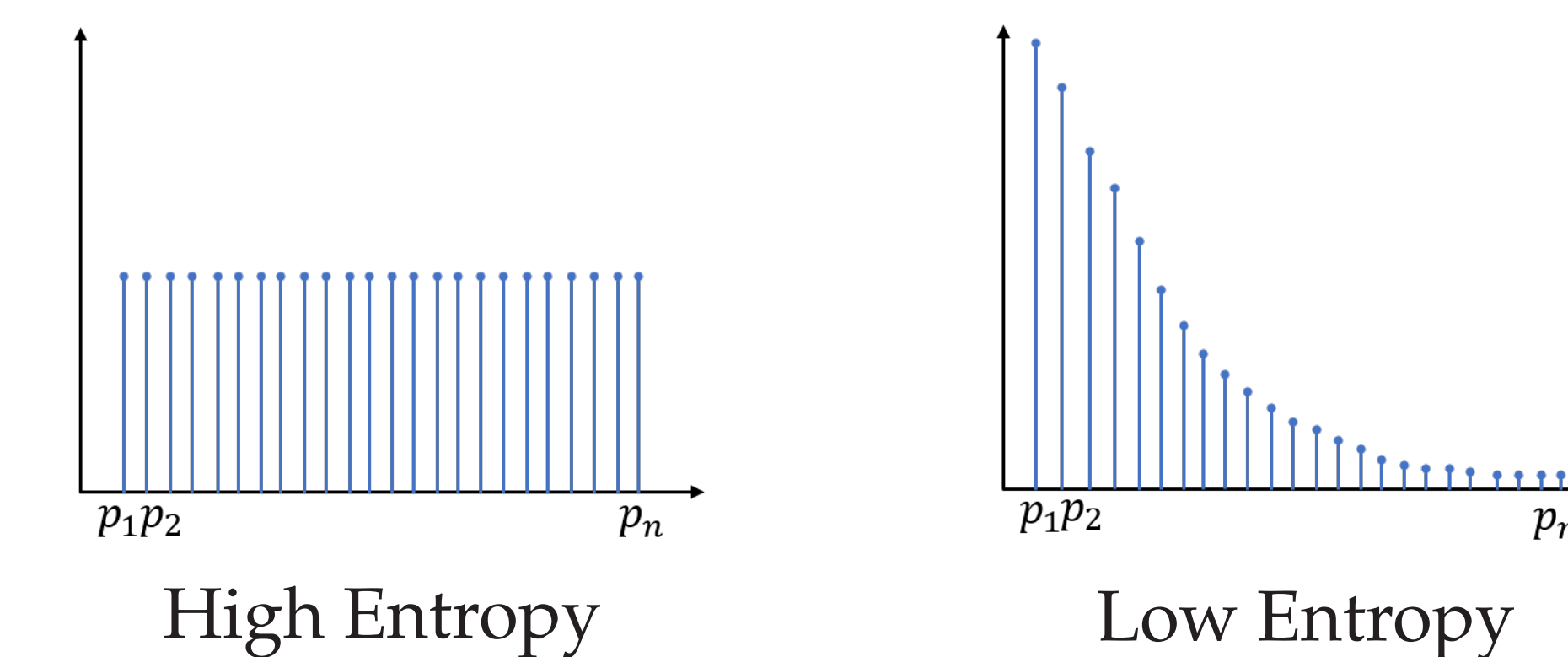
How to concentrate stopping sets?

- Concentrating cycles  $\Rightarrow$  Concentrating stopping sets
- We concentrate cycles by modifying the Progressive Edge Growth (PEG) algorithm



## ENTROPY TO CONCENTRATE CYCLES: EC-PEG ALGORITHM

- Uniform distributions have high entropy
- Concentrated distributions have low entropy



**EC (Entropy Constrained)-PEG Algorithm**  
For each VN  $v_j$   
Expand Tanner Graph in a BFS fashion  
If  $\exists$  CNs not connected to  $v_j$   
• select a CN with min degree not connected to  $v_j$   
Else New cycles created  
• Find CNs most distant to  $v_j$   
• Select CN that results in minimum entropy of resultant cycle distribution  
• Update cycle distribution

We want the cycle distributions to be concentrated

→ Select Check Nodes (CNs) such that the entropy of the cycle distribution is minimized

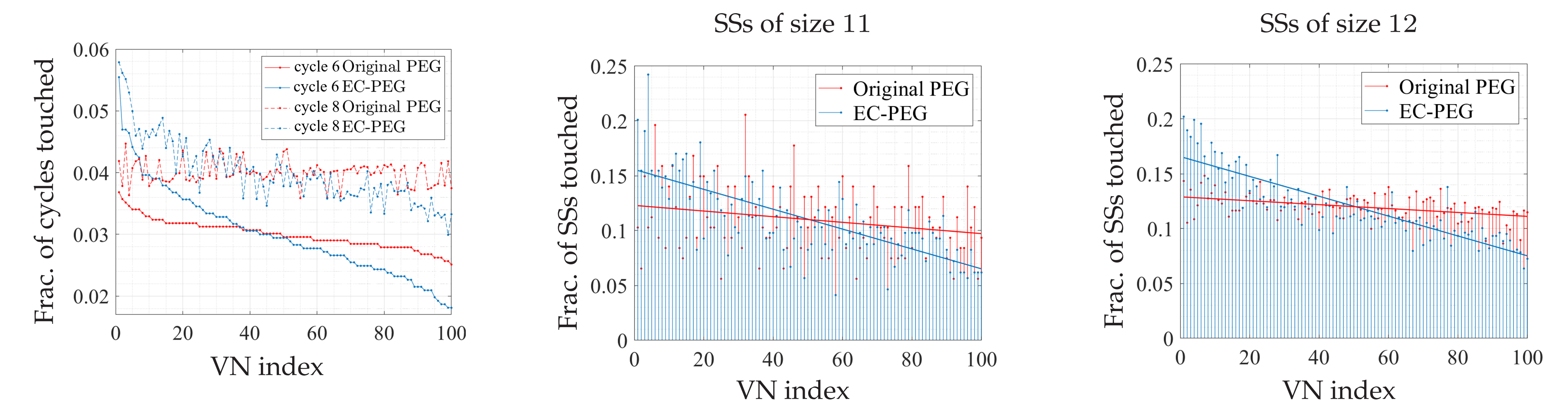
Sampling Strategy:

- Greedy Sampling: greedily sample VNs that are part of a large number of cycles
- Random Sampling (with replacement): sample each variable node with equal probability

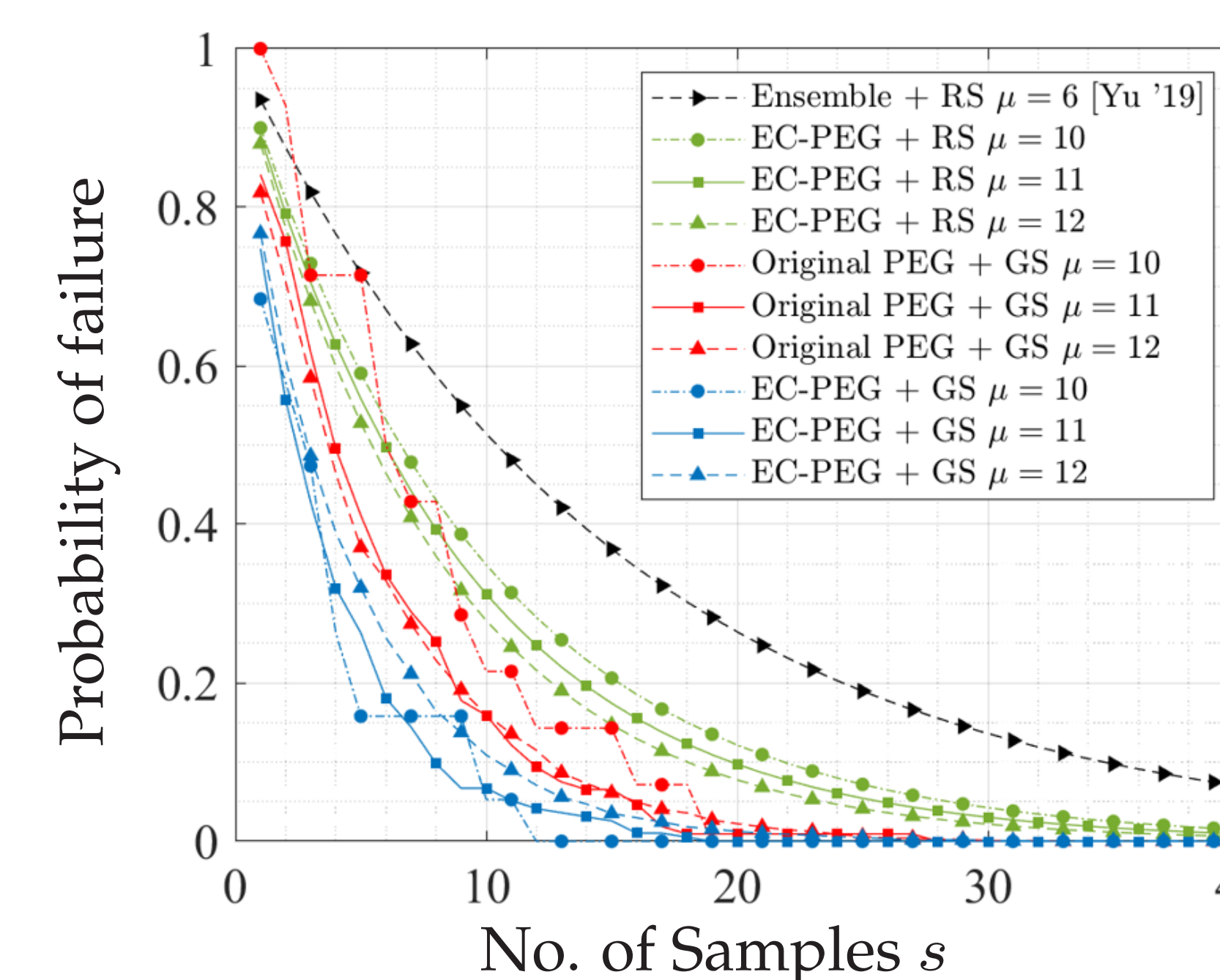
## SIMULATION RESULTS: EVIDENCE OF CONCENTRATION

Code parameters: Code length = 100, VN degree = 4, Rate =  $\frac{1}{2}$ , girth = 6.

- VN indices arranged in decreasing order of cycle 6 fractions
- Cycles and SSs are concentrated towards the same set of VNs

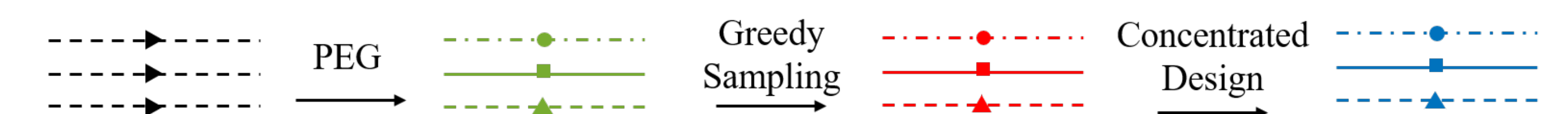


## SIMULATION RESULTS: PROBABILITY OF FAILURE



- Probability of failure for a Stopping set of size  $\mu$
- Code parameters: Code length = 100, VN degree = 4, Rate =  $\frac{1}{2}$
- RS: Random Sampling, GS: Greedy Sampling

Three Levels of improvement:



Concentrated LDPC codes coupled with a Greedy sampling strategy improve the probability of failure

## REFERENCES

- (Al-Bassam '18) M. Al-Bassam, et al., "Fraud and Data Availability Proofs: Maximising Light Client Security and Scaling Blockchains with Dishonest Majorities," arXiv preprint arXiv:1809.09044, 2018.
- (Yu '19) M. Yu, et al., "Coded Merkle Tree: Solving Data Availability Attacks in Blockchains," International Conference on Financial Cryptography and Data Security, Springer, Cham, 2020.
- ★ Full paper of this work: D. Mitra, L. Tauz, and L. Dolecek, "Concentrated Stopping Set Design for Coded Merkle Tree: Improving Security Against Data Availability Attacks in Blockchain Systems," in Proc. of IEEE Information Theory Workshop (ITW), Apr. 2020. (available at <https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.07363>)